

ABN: 66 008 709 608

Pollution Incident Response Management Plan (PIRMP)

Rosehill Sustainable Road Resource Centre





Revision Status

Issue	Version Date	Summary of Section Changes	Reviewed By	Approved By
1.0	07/04/2022	New Operational Site	Dale Thomas	Jason Hearn



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1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this plan is to ensure that systems are in place at the site to minimise the potential impacts associated with pollution incidents events. In order the streamline the processes onsite, the term "pollution incident" is considered an emergency event.

If an emergency event occurs the priorities must be:

- 1. The safety of all persons on site (including visitors and contractors).
- 2. The safety of nearby residents.
- 3. Minimum impact on the environment.
- 4. Normal business operations are returned to normal as soon as possible.

The scope of activities conducted at this site includes, but not necessarily be limited to work relating to the following activities:

- Asphalt Production
- Material Repurposing (Reconomy)
- Recycled Asphalt Repurposing (RAP)
- Quality Testing (Laboratory)

As an Environmental Protection Licence has been granted to the site, a Pollution Incident Response Management Plan (PIRMP) has been developed to meet the conditions to comply with Part 5.7A of the *Protection of the Environment Operations (POEO) Act 1997.*

In order to meet this requirement, the following document had been developed for implementation at the Licenced site for the activities carried out on the site.



2 SITE EMERGENCY PROFILE

2.1 Site Details

Site Name:	Sustainable Road Resource Centre		
Address:	Lot 6, 9 Devon Street, Rosehill NSW 2142		
Phone:	02 9897 4338		
Buildings and Structures:	 Security Hut 		
	 Single Floor Pr 	roduction Office and Laboratory B	uilding
	 Dangerous god 	ods container	
	Laboratory Sto	rage container	
	Drivers Lounge	Э	
	Diesel Tank		
	Rotary Drier / N		
		s and Conveyors	
	■ Fly Ash/Lime/S		
		Electrical Control Room	
	Bitumen Tank	•	
	■ Vertical Bunkers Structure		
	Toner Liquid Additive Store Shed		
	Emulsion Tank Storage		
Buildings and Structures (continued):	IBC Storage Shed		
(commuou):	Detritus Recycling (Reconomy) Structure		
	Reconomy Am		
	 RAP Structure 	& Asphalt Laydown Annex	ı
Shift Details & Hours of Occupancy	Shift Name	Hours	No. of People
- Cocupanity	Day	6am – 5.00pm (Mon to Sat)	Approx. 25-30
	Night 7.00pm – 3.00am (Sun to Fri) Approx. up to 13 (dependent on client's production requirements)		
Security Service Provider:	Spotless Security - (02) 9816 9200		
Fire and Emergency Equipment Contact:	Hix Group - (02) 4721 7500		

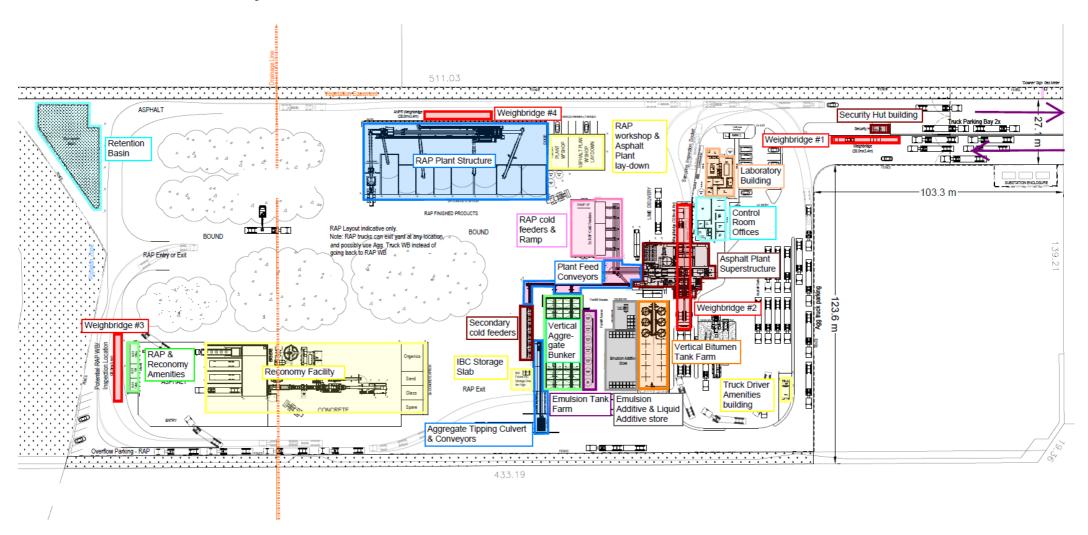


2.2 Site Location





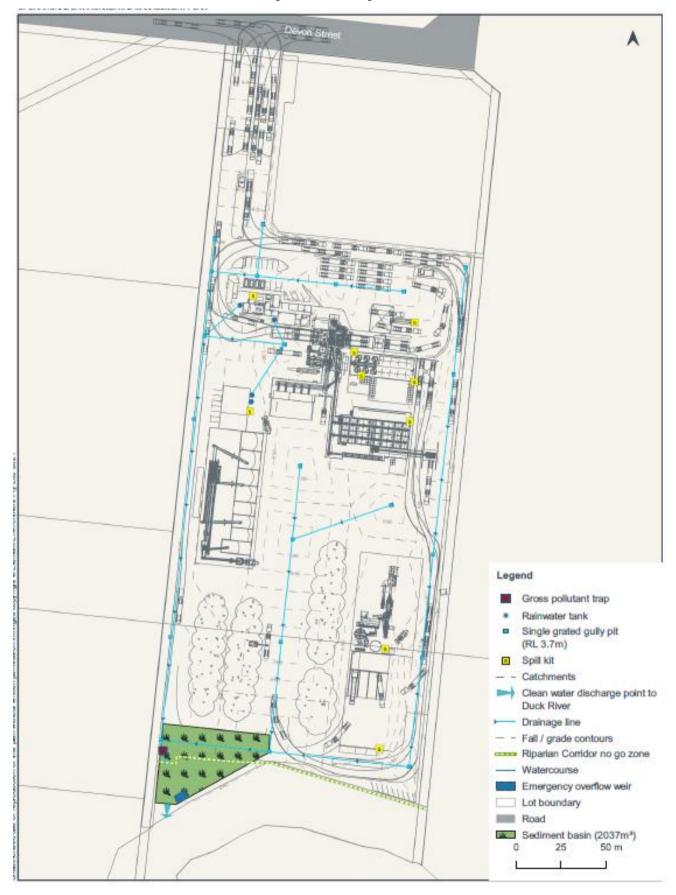
2.3 Site Layout



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2.4 Stormwater System Layout





2.5 Details of Neighbouring Facilities

Neighbouring Facilities	Contact Person & Phone number	Mechanism for Raising the Alarm and Ongoing Communication
Rosehill Gardens	1300 729 668	Phone
Rosehill Distribution Centre	02 8651 9481	Phone
James Hardie	13 11 03	Phone
VIVA Energy	0400 214 857	Phone
Goodman	02 9230 7400	Phone

3 COMMUNICATION OF THIS PLAN

This PIRMP shall be communicated to personnel through site induction, at Toolbox and Pre-Start meetings and will be displayed on site and contained within the Site Zero Harm Management Plan (ZHMP). Site specific evacuation procedures (incl. muster points and the identities of ERT personnel) will be displayed on noticeboards and in prominent positions throughout the site/buildings.

As required by the POEO Act, and to allow appropriate communication of the plan, a current copy of this plan is to be located on premises at all times and able to be provided to an authorised EPA officer on request.

In addition to having an onsite copy, A copy of this PIRMP will also be made publicly available on the **Downer Group Website**.

4 LEGISLATIVE REQUIREMENTS

The specific requirements for pollution incident response management plans are set out in Part 5.7A of the *POEO Act* and Clauses 131 of the *Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2009 (POEO(G) Regulation)*.

In summary, this provision requires the following:

- All holders of environment protection licences must prepare a pollution incident response management plan.
- The plan must include the information detailed in the POEO Act and be in the form required by the POEO(G) Regulation.
- Licensees must keep the plan at the premises to which the environment protection licence relates.
- Licensees must test the plan in accordance with the POEO(G) Regulation.
- If a pollution incident occurs in the course of an activity so that material harm to the environment is caused or threatened, licensees must immediately implement the plan.

5 DEFINITION OF 'POLLUTION INCIDENT' AND NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

The definition of a pollution incident is:

pollution incident means an incident or set of circumstances during or as a consequence of which there is or is likely to be a leak, spill or other escape or deposit of a substance, as a result of which pollution has occurred, is occurring or is likely to occur. It includes an incident or set of circumstances in which a



substance has been placed or disposed of on premises, but it does not include an incident or set of circumstances involving only the emission of any noise.

A pollution incident is required to be notified if there is a risk of 'material harm to the environment', which is defined in section 147 of the POEO Act as:

- a) harm to the environment is material if:
 - (i) it involves actual or potential harm to the health or safety of human beings or to ecosystems that is not trivial, or
 - (ii) it results in actual or potential loss or property damage of an amount, or amounts in aggregate, exceeding \$10,000 (or such other amount as is prescribed by the regulations), and
- b) loss includes the reasonable costs and expenses that would be incurred in taking all reasonable and practicable measures to prevent, mitigate or make good harm to the environment.

Notification responsibilities for incidents that have caused or threaten to cause material harm to the environment are detailed in Section 148 of the POEO Act. In summary, these are broadly categorised as:

5.1.1.1 Duty of an employee or any person undertaking an activity:

Any person engaged as an employee or undertaking an activity with regard to the site will, immediately after becoming aware of any potential incident (even if outside of normal business hours), notify the Production Manager of the incident and all relevant information about it. The Production Manager will be available 24 hours a day, seven days a week and have the authority to stop or direct works.

5.1.1.2 Duty of an employer or occupier of the premises to notify:

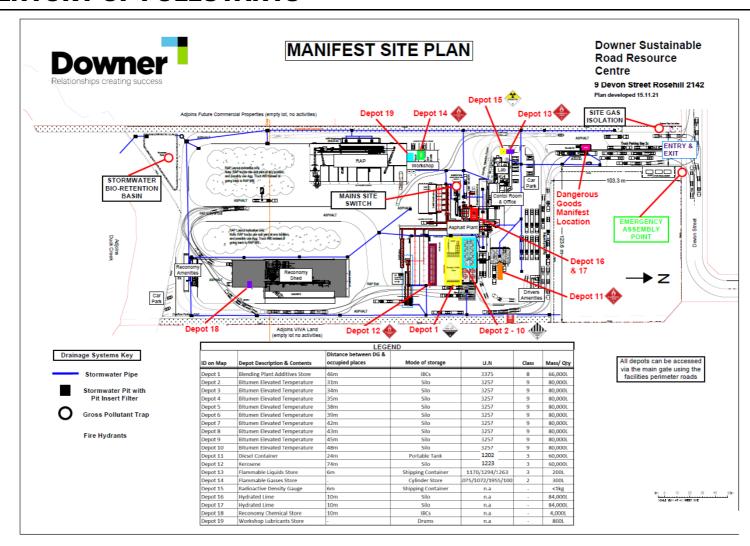
The employer or occupier of the premises (in this case, the Production Manager) on which the incident occurred, who is notified (or otherwise becomes aware of) of the incident, will immediately notify the relevant authorities about the incident and all relevant information.

Under the POEO Act, 'relevant authority' means any of the following:

- The appropriate regulatory authority the Environment Protection Authority (EPA).
- If the EPA is not the appropriate regulatory authority the local authority for the area in which the pollution incident occurs (i.e. council).
- NSW Public Health Unit.
- SafeWork NSW.
- Fire and Rescue NSW.

Section 15 of the PIRMP lists the contact details for these authorities.

6 INVENTORY OF POLLUTANTS



Additional information on the products, volumes and storage can be found in the Hazardous Material Screening Thresholds for Storage and Transportation Screening Thresholds located in Annex A.



7 LIKELIHOOD AND RISKS OF A POLLUTION INCIDENT

In accordance with the Site Risk Assessment outcomes, it has been identified that the key applicable risks to human health, property and the environment identified for the site are as follows. These have been risk rated in accordance with *DG-ZH-PR006 Incident Management Procedure*:

Risk	Likelihood x Consequence Risk Rating
Dangerous and/or Hazardous materials spillage and discharge to environment (including contaminant discharge and tank failure)	С
Discharge of airborne emissions/contaminants off site	С

The likelihood of occurrence is to be reviewed regularly, following events, and in light of adverse weather conditions.

7.1 Pre-emptive Actions

Table 7.2 in the *Operational Environmental Management Plan (OEMP)* provides measures to avoid, mitigate and manage the potential environmental impacts identified through the environmental impact assessment of the site. These measures are considered pre-emptive actions and the minimal accepted standard of care and aim to ensure any identified risk of harm is reduced.

7.2 Incident Response Plans

If a pollution incident occurs in the course of an activity so that material harm to the environment is caused or threatened, the management of these events is to be in accordance with **DG-ZH-PR006 Incident**Management Procedure.

In addition to this, specific pollination Incidents may be managed in accordance with the response action plans included in **Section 13** of this document.

8 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Position	Responsibility		
Employees and Contractors	 Following the procedures outlined in the PIRMP and related documents Immediately alerting Site Manager or Team Leader of any environmental incidents or near-misses. 		
Team Leaders / Front Line Supervisors	 Following the procedures outlined in the PIRMP and DG-ZH-PR006 Incident Management Procedure. Immediately alerting Site Manager or, in case of their unavailability, Environmental Representative or Environment Manager of any potentially material environmental incidents or near-misses. Assist in conducting incident investigations. 		



Site Manager	Authorisation, administration, maintenance and implementation of the PIRMP	
and/or	 Assessing whether the incident has caused or threatens "material environmental harm" and communicate details to management. Make a determination as to whether the incident (as defined in section 147 of the POEO Act) is reportable to external agencies 	
Environmental & Sustainability Advisor / Zero Harm Advisor	Responsible for taking control of the site after the occurrence of a <u>Pollution event</u> and activating the implementation of this PIRMP until such time either: o external emergency services (e.g. police, fire services or Workplace)	
and/or	health and safety authority) take control of the site; or the event subsides Coordinate communication to neighbours Ensuring that investigations are undertaken to a level corresponding to	
Environmental & Sustainability Manager / Zero Harm Manager	the level of risk and impact. Inform the Senior Leadership Management Team / Group Management and Notification to External Agencies Undertake notifications as defined in PIRMP	
Emergency Response Team (ERT)	The Emergency Response Team (ERT) is responsible for taking control of the site after the occurrence of a relevant safety and/or fire emergency event and activating the implementation of this PIRMP until such time either: • external emergency services (e.g. police, fire services or Workplace health and safety authority) take control of the site; or • the event subsides	

9 EMERGENCY TRAINING AND AWARENESS

All Personnel shall be provided with general Emergency Management Training as part of the site induction training process, and such training shall cover as a minimum:

- the locations of all emergency equipment and the correct method for its use.
- Risk awareness training to encourage awareness of the dangers presented by the site and the means for preventing it.

Personnel who have assigned responsibilities in an emergency situation (i.e. ERT, Fire Wardens, Evacuation Wardens, Site Management and ZH Team) shall be inducted into the PIRMP and provided with appropriate training.

Refer to the Facilities specific Training Needs Analysis/ Skills matrix for training schedule and completed training. This is to include emergency pollution response.

Requirements	Who Should Attend	Frequency	Training Provider
Site emergency systems: Alarms Communications Fire detection Fire suppression	■ Spotless	As per systems frequency	Spotless
Site/ area evacuation drills	All persons on site	Annually	Downer



Requirements	Who Should Attend	Frequency	Training Provider
Emergency Response Training	All Production Personnel	Bi-Annually	Registered Training Organisation
Fire Warden	All Production Personnel	Yearly	Registered Training Organisation

Incident and Emergency Preparedness includes all activities that focus on essential emergency response capabilities through the development of plans, procedures, the organisation and management of resources, and associated training and education.

10 EMERGENCY FACILITES & EQUIPMENT

10.1 Fire Fighting Equipment

The following requirements for fire equipment shall be taken into consideration:

- <u>Location</u> extinguishers and hoses are to be placed in readily accessible locations and in areas where risk of fire is likely.
 - In addition, Portable extinguishers and fire blankets are present on all Oxy-Acetylene Mobile Trolleys, and portable extinguishers are present on all Mobile Plant.
- Access clear access is to be maintained around fire extinguishers and hoses at all times.
- Signage signage is to be provided at each location, indicating the type of fire extinguisher and fire types that they are suited for.
- Mounting Fire extinguishers are to be mounted on purpose made hooks or brackets and suspended above the floor.
- Inspection Fire extinguishers are to be inspected and serviced every 6 months.

Fire Suppression Systems Details

- Nitrogen dosing located as part of AMMANN equipment at top drum
- Portables fire extinguishers on all levels of the Asphalt plant and surrounds (C02, Dry Chemical ABE & Foam AFF 90ltr)
- Portable powder fire extinguishers in electrical rooms
- Portable C02 fire extinguishers around diesel tank and bitumen tanks
- Portable fire extinguishers and Fire blankets in all buildings (offices and amenities)
- Hydrants around plant, main control at front gate as per diagram below

Hydrants and Hose Reel Details

- Mains are located at front gate on southern side
- 8 x Hydrants located around Asphalt plant
- Hose Reels located around plant and on plant 20 in total

(Please refer to the site map below for locations)

10.2 First Aid Facilities

First Aid provisions will be maintained and accessible to personnel, and all necessary training will be organised and communicated through Pre-Start / Toolbox Meetings, Inductions and information placed on Noticeboards.

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First aid requirements are assessed upon reviewing applicable legislation and using the First Aid Needs Assessment Form at site setup and during review. First aid services and arrangements shall consider the types of hazards to persons at the workplace, potential activities to be performed, and the number of persons at the workplace and the risk level of identified hazards.

First Aid provisions will be maintained and accessible to personnel, and all necessary training will be organised and communicated through Pre-Start / Toolbox Meetings, Inductions and information placed on Noticeboards.

First Aid kit locations for this site are as per the site map below.

10.3 Emergency Showers and Eyewash Stations

Safety showers and eye wash facilities shall be inspected, tested and cleaned.

- Safety showers and eye wash facilities shall be inspected, tested and cleaned in accordance with DG-ZH-PR116.1 Inspections Procedure
- The Rosehill Sustainable Road Resource Centre has 2 safety showers. Located at tank farm and near the lime silo loading point behind the laboratory (Please refer to the site map on the following page for location)

10.4 Spill Response Equipment

Spill response equipment will be provided commensurate with nature, quantity and risk of substances in each area. The Spill Response Equipment Needs Assessment Form has been be used to determine the number, location and type of spill kits required.

The spill kit locations are as per the Site Map below.

10.5 Emergency Signs & Lighting

Emergency signs as per Australian Standards for Workplace facilities

Emergency Lighting

- Illuminated exit lights on all exits of enclosed building
- Flood lights on plant

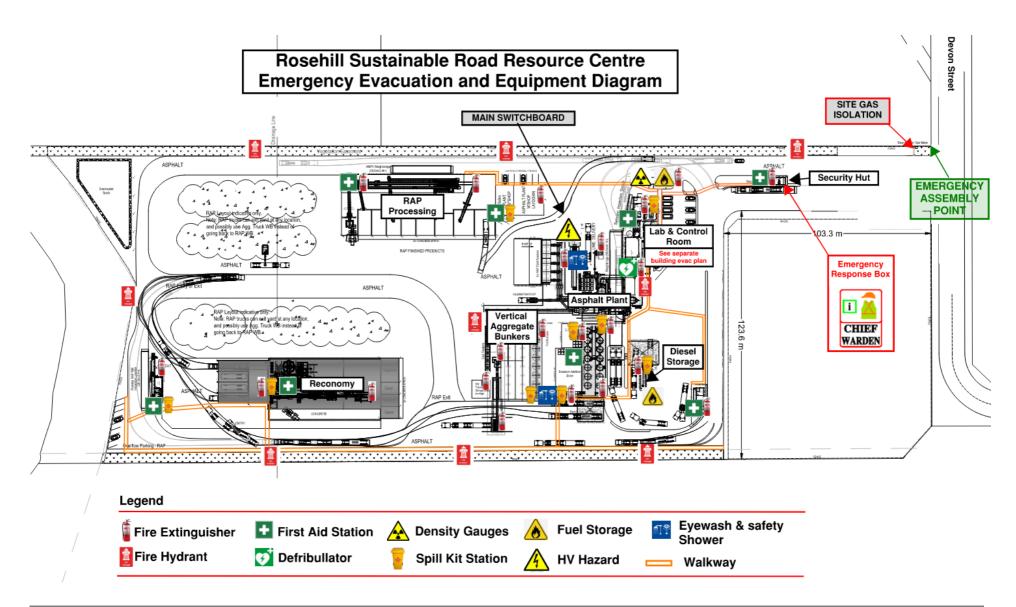
Emergency Exits

Evacuation Signs located in all areas showing emergency exits

10.6 Electronic Discharge Valve

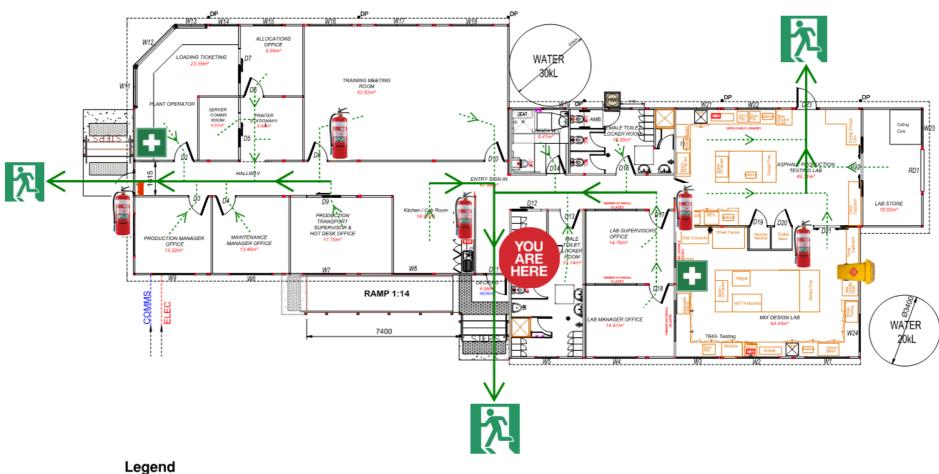
An electronically controlled submersible Actuator Valve with manual override and jammed valve protection is located between the bio retention basin and the site's discharge point. In the case of a major incident occurring onsite, this valve can be actuated from the Main Control Room preventing any fluids from leaving site.







Rosehill Office & Laboratory **Emergency Evacuation and Equipment Diagram**







11 TESTING EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROCEDURES

Emergency evacuation and response drills will be conducted at regular intervals to verify the effectiveness of response arrangements and refresh emergency responders in requirements and their functions.

As a minimum:

- evacuation drills will be conducted Annually at each Building and department.
- response procedures for Pollution scenarios with a high likelihood of occurring, as identified in the Emergency Management Plan and PIRMP, will be tested Annually (minimum), and within one month of any pollution incident occurring.
- records of emergency evacuation and response drills will be maintained and stored within INX.
- evacuation and response drills will be assessed by the Supervisor to identify any deficiencies or improvements required and the assessment documented; and
- where deficiencies or improvements are identified, the Supervisor/Manager will generate an action plan and monitor progress to completion.

Testing is to be carried out in such a manner as to ensure that the information included in the plan is accurate and up to date, and that each plan is capable of being implemented in a workable and effective manner.

The two usual methods of testing are undertaking desktop simulations and practical exercises or drills. Testing must cover all components of the plan, including the effectiveness of training.

Drills are conducted then evaluated and recorded using *DA-ZH-FM015.5 Emergency Drill Observers Checklist*. Records shall be kept within INX and sent to the Site Manager / Zero Harm Team for performance review.

A summary of Emergency Drills undertaken is shown in the table below:

Test Date	Version of PIRMP Tested	Incident Type Drilled	Emergency Drill Lead
		TBA (Drill to be completed prior to 1-year EPL anniversary)	



12 EMERGENCY EVENT HAZARD RESPONSE

The following table provides a list of potential foreseeable emergency events and the response/ rescue method and equipment required for each. Refer to the operation's risk register for the risk rating/ level for each event.

Evacuation is always to be considered if fire or explosion potential exists.

Emanage E	Decreased Decrease Method
Emergency Event	Response/ Rescue Method
Discharge of substance to drains	 Identify the substance if possible Wear appropriate PPE Follow emergency procedure as per SDS sheets which are in the batch office Contain the substance If required, activate Discharge Valve at Bioretention basin to contain any liquids being discharged from site. Bund the area with equipment from the spill kit (check site map for location) Block off or barricade area Ensure appropriate fire extinguishers are nearby in case fire breaks out Advise site manager Alert neighbours, EPA and Downer ZH manager as required, and if material harm has occurred.
Fire (inside facilities)	 Assist any person in immediate danger or who is injured (Call ambulance if anybody is injured) If the fire is small attempt to put fire out with fire extinguisher (familiarize yourself with the location of fire extinguishers) If the fire is too large activate the fire alarm system by pushing the button on 2 of the signed manual call points throughout the plant. One at the control room below the control room and the other inside the main office entry, If the fire is in a building close all doors as everybody is evacuated to stop the fire from spreading Call the fire brigade. Alert neighbours and Downer ZH manager as required
Loss of Product / Tank Failure	 Shutdown of processes and equipment associated with the spill if safe to do so Wear appropriate PPE Follow emergency procedure as per SDS sheets which are in the batch office Activation of any associated sump pumps or shut-off valves to contain and isolate If required, activate Discharge Valve at Bioretention basin to contain any liquids being discharged from site. Contact Cleanaway of similar service provider to pump out bund contents Ensure spill kit available for any release from containment Advise site manager Alert neighbours, EPA and Downer ZH manager as required, and if material harm has occurred. Repair / Replace Tank Refill Tank
Toxic emission to atmosphere	 Identify the substance if possible Notify Management and Zero Harm Follow emergency procedure as per SDS sheets which are located in the batch office Contain the substance, if possible. Alert neighbours, EPA and SafeWork NSW
Dust Emissions from Site	 Determine the cause of the dust emissions and if possible, immediately address the cause (i.e. turn off plant/equipment). Wear correct PPE for task



Emergency Event	Response/ Rescue Method
	Implement most suitable management measure for task. Management measures for this may include:
	4. sweep roadways and hardstand
	5. Turn on sprinkler/water systems to wet down source. Ensure there is no excess runoff into storm water system.
	6. Cover stockpiles
	7. Turn off asphalt plant and inspect baghouse or plant for potential cause of emission
	8. Clean PPE and wash hands thoroughly following task.
	9. Advise site manager
	10. Alert neighbours, EPA and Downer ZH manager as required, and if material harm has occurred.
	11. Investigate Incident

When notifying relevant Authorities, EPA and other relevant authorities be provided with a written incident notification via the Major Projects website within 24 hours after the incident.

A written notification will:

- Identify the development and application number.
- Provide details of the incident (date, time, location, a brief description of what occurred and why it is classified as an incident).
- Identify how the incident was detected.
- Identify when the Applicant became aware of the incident.
- Identify any actual or potential non-compliance with conditions of consent.
- Describe what immediate steps were taken in relation to the incident.
- Identify further action(s) that will be taken in relation to the incident.
- Identify a site contact for further communication regarding the incident.

12.1 Community Notification and Communication

Communicating with neighbours and the local community is an important element in managing the response to any pollution incident. Downer will provide accurate communications information to relevant stakeholders and the community regarding operational activities and environmental matters, including:

- Prior to commencement of operations: a program of commencement and details of mitigation measures to minimise community impacts.
- During and/or following Significant Environmental incidents where applicable, including any associated community impacts and mitigation measures.

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13 EMERGENCY CONTACTS

Downer Australia Internal Emergency	Contacts				
24-Hour Emergency Number 1300 36	6 538				
Administration (contact number and	hours): 02 9897 4333 be	tween 7am and 5pr	n		
Downer Rosehill contacts	Contact No.	After Hours No.	Details		
Sydney / Newcastle Surfacing Manager - Darren Prosser	0419 302 046	0419 302 046			
Production Manager – Paul Sherry	0419 789 505	0419 789 505	Additional 24-hour contact		
Recycling / Maintenance Manager – Roy Stiff	0407 228 098	0407 228 098			
Matthew Wade – Reconomy Manager	0419 244 748				
Chief Fire Warden – Stephanie Loukis (day) Tracey Tanner (night)	0418 473 976	0484 520 110	All Incidences and Emergencies		
Emergency Response Team (ERT)	02 98974351		All Incidences and Emergencies		
First Aid Officer – Matthew Wade	0419 244 748	02 98974351	First Aid		
Downer Australia External Emergence	y Contacts				
Ambulance, Fire, Police	000 Mobile:		Life Threatening Emergencies		
Fire Brigade - Silverwater 122 Adderley Street Silverwater	02 9647 1246	02 9647 1246	Fire and Chemical spills		
Police - Granville 2 Carlton Street Granville	02 9897 4199	02 9897 4199	Security matters		
Medical					
Public Hospital - Westmead Hawkesbury Rd & Darcy Road, Westmead	02 9845 5555	02 9845 5555	Serious Injury		
Medical Centre – Merrylands Family Practice	1300 637 000	1300 637 000	Injury		
189 Merrylands Road Merrylands					
Poisons Information Centre	13 11 26	13 11 26	Poisons Information		
		1			



Other Authorities as required by legislation											
Reportable following instruction with Regional Zero Harm Manager / Environmental Manager / Site Manager or delegate											
State Emergency Services	13 25 00	13 25 00	Notifiable incidents immediately								
Local Council - Parramatta	1300 617 058	1300 617 058	Notifiable incidents immediately								
Department of Public Health	02 9845 5555	02 9845 5555	Notifiable incidents immediately								
Workplace Safety Regulatory Body (eg WorkSafe)	13 10 50	13 10 50	Notifiable incidents immediately								
Environment Protection Authority	131 555	131 555	Notifiable incidents immediately								
Supply Authorities:	Supply Authorities:										
Electricity - Endeavour	131 003	131 003	Electricity								
Gas - Jemena	131 009	131 009	Gas								
Water – Sydney Water	13 20 92	13 20 92	Water								

13.1 EMERGENCY EVENT PUBLIC INFORMATION SOURCES

Organisation	Medium	Contact
NSW Ministry for Police and Emergency Services	Website	www.nsw.gov.au
NSW State Emergency Service (SES)	Website	www.ses.nsw.gov.au
NSW Rural Fire Service	Website	www.rfs.nsw.gov.au
NSW Police Force	Website	www.police.nsw.gov.au
NSW Ambulance	Website	www.ambulance.nsw.gov.au
Bureau of Meteorology	Website	www.bom.gov.au



ANNEX A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SCREENING THRESHOLDS FOR STORAGE

APPENDIX B. HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SCREENING THRESHOLDS FOR STORAGE

Classification	Class	Sub	PG	Material	Storage location	Mode of storage	Storage quantity (tonnes)	Total quantity (tonnes)	SEPP 33 Threshold	SEPP 33 determination	Threshold exceeded?	Inclusion in PHA?	SDS Reference					
			Acetylene	Gas Cage (SE corner of asphalt plant workshop)	Cylinders	0.008		Class 2.1 Flammable gases - Pressurised (excluding LPG): Table	Total Class 2.1 - Pressurised (excluding LPG) does not exceed	No	No	Typical properties - information						
		2.1		Belt Grip	DG Store (SE corner of asphalt plant workshop)	Packages	0.005	0.035	1, screening threshold is 100kg (0.1 tonnes).	SEPP 33 threshold.			provided by client.					
		2.1	-	Galmet Cold Galv	DG Store (SE corner of asphalt plant workshop)	Containers	0.012	0.055										
Gases	2			WD40	DG Store (SE corner of asphalt plant workshop)	Packages	0.01											
		2.1	-	LPG gas	Gas Cage (SE corner of asphalt plant workshop)	Cylinders	0.018	0.018	Class 2.1 - LPG Aboveground: Table 1, screening threshold is 10 tonnes.	Total Class 2.1 - LPG Aboveground does not exceed SEPP 33 threshold.	No	No						
		2.2 SR 5.1	-	Oxygen	Gas Cage (SE corner of asphalt plant workshop)	Cylinders	< 0.1	5	No threshold for Class 2.2 (non-hazardous) based on SEPP 33 Class 5.1 has a screening threshold, so use sub risk.	Does not exceed SEPP 33 threshold.	No	No						
									Unleaded Petrol	DG Store (SE corner of asphalt plant workshop)	Containers	0.016		Class 3PGII: Table 1, minimum quantity for further evaluation is 5	Total Class 3PGII does not exceed SEPP 33 minimum threshold and	No	No	Typical properties - information
	3	-	п	Toluene	Chemical storage (Lab store)	IBC	0.8	1.6	More than 50 m from	does not required assessment.			provided by client.					
Flammable				Ethanol	Chemical storage (Lab store)	IBC	0.8		kerosene Class 3 PGIII, not cumulated – treat as separate storages.									
liquid	3	-	Ш	Kerosene	Blending Plant Additive Store (see 'Emulsion Additive Store)	Fuel Tank (self bunded)	48	48	Class 3PGIII: Table 1, quantity greater than 5 tonnes, requires use of Figure 9 to evaluate. 65kL kerosene tank	Total Class 3PGIII exceeds SEPP 33 threshold for evaluation however is separated by more than 8 m from boundary as per Figure 9 so not potentially hazardous.	No	No						
Commenting				Cationic Emulsifier - polyamine	Blending Plant Additive Store (see 'Emulsion Additive Store)	IBC	15		Class 8 PGII: Table 3, screening threshold is 25 tonnes. Note: Class 8 PGIII is	Total Class 8 does exceed SEPP 33 threshold.	Yes	Yes	Chemwatch : 23-0489 Issue date: 23/09/2017					
Corrosive	8	Cationic Blending Plant IBC 34 area as PGII and	therefore falls under				Chemwatch : 84-3402 Issue date: 01/11/2019											



Sustainable Road Resource Centre Rosehill, Version 1.0

Classification	Class	Sub	PG	Material	Storage location	Mode of storage	Storage quantity (tonnes)	Total quantity (tonnes)	SEPP 33 Threshold	SEPP 33 determination	Threshold exceeded?	Inclusion in PHA?	SDS Reference		
				mines ethoxylated											
				Hydrochloric Acid	Blending Plant Additive Store (see 'Emulsion Additive Store)	IBC	8						Chemwatch : 6095-44 Issue date: 01/11/2019		
			Ш	Ceca Base	Blending Plant Additive Store (see 'Emulsion Additive Store)	IBC	5						Chemwatch : 23-0487 Issue date: 01/11/2019		
Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles, including environmentally hazardous substances	dangerous ubstances and articles, including nvironmentally hazardous	tible	Diesel	Immediately north of asphalt truck spray gantry	Fuel Tank	45	985	No threshold for Class 9 based on SEPP 33. Note for diesel and bitumen: Page 16 'iff combustible liquids of class C1 are present on site and are stored in a separate bund or within a storage area where there are no flammable materials stored they are not considered to be potentially hazardous. If, however, they are stored with other flammable liquids, that is, class 3PGII, Il or III, then they are to be treated as class 3PGIII, because under these circumstances they may contribute fuel to a fire'.	Diesel in separate self- bunded tank 60kL, immediately north of asphalt truck spray gantry. Diesel therefore not cumulated with kerosene inventory. Bitumen in bulk tanks in separate bund, not cumulated with kerosene inventory.	No	No	Typical properties - information provided by client			
					Б	Bitumen	Bitumen Tanks (6 x western tanks labelled PMB and C450 in the bitumen tank farm).	Tank	780		Not within same area/bund as Class 3. No threshold.	In process circuit only. Not cumulated with kerosene inventory.	No	No	Typical properties - information provided by client
				Bitumen Class 170 or 320	Blending Plant Tank Farm.	Bulk tank	160								
				Delvac 1330	DG Store (SE corner of asphalt plant workshop).	Containers		< 5	No threshold for Class 9 based on SEPP 33 - excluded from	Screening not required. Class 9 — are miscellaneous	No	No	Typical properties - information		
		-	-	Mobilith SHC 220	DG Store (SE corner of asphalt plant workshop).	Containers			Screening.	dangerous goods, which pose little threat to people or property. They may be substances which pose an environmental hazard.			provided by client		



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Classification	Class	Sub	PG	Material	Storage location	Mode of storage	Storage quantity (tonnes)	Total quantity (tonnes)	SEPP 33 Threshold	SEPP 33 determination	Threshold exceeded?	Inclusion in PHA?	SDS Reference
			•				No thresholds	8.					
				Caesium 137 (Nuclear gauge) * 5	Stored in cabinet complying with relevant standards next to Lab store.	Yellow case inside storage cage							
			Cationic Emulsifier - tall-oil maleated amidoamines	Blending Plant Additive Store (see 'Emulsion Additive Store').	IBC								
		Calcium Chloride	Blending Plant Additive Store (see 'Emulsion Additive Store').	IBC									
Not classified as	n/a	-	-	Non Ionic Asphalt Emulsifier	Blending Plant Additive Store (see 'Emulsion Additive Store').	IBC							
				Cationic Styrene Butadiene Rubber Latex	Blending Plant Additive Store (see 'Emulsion Additive Store').	IBC							
				Polyfloculant	Reconomy Chemical Storage.	IBC							
				AntiFoam	Reconomy Chemical Storage.	IBC							
				Coagulant	Reconomy Chemical Storage.	IBC							
				Lubricants	Reconomy Chemical Storage.	packaged <5L							
				Hydrated Lime	Lime Silos (round circle with two squares on to east of lime delivery).	Bulk silos							



APPENDIX C. TRANSPORTATION SCREENING THRESHOLDS

Trip Type (Receipt of Goods by Truck)	Average Traffic Generation (indicative)		Average Annual Delivery	DG Class	Load per quantity	Move	SEPP 33 Threshold Vehicle Movements (Table 2)		Minimum Quantity Note 1 per Load (tonne)	
	Annually	Peak Weekly	(tonne)			Annually	Peak Weekly	Bulk	Package	
Acetylene	2	-	0.008		1 x 7.0m3					
Belt Grip	1	-	0.005		12 x 750g cans					
Galmet Cold Galv	1	-	0.012	Class 2.1	12 x 750g cans	>500	>30	2	5	No
WD40	2	-	0.010	1	12 x 750g cans	7				
LPG gas	8	-	0.018]	2 X 9kg					
Unleaded Petrol	-	1	0.016		20L		>45	3	10	
Toluene	26	-	0.8	Class 3 PG II	1000L	>750				No
Ethanol	26	-	0.8	1	1000L					
Kerosene	26	1	48	Class 3 PG III	35000L	>1000	>60	10	No limit	No
Cationic Emulsifier - polyamine	2	-	15		8 tonnes		>30	2	5	
Cationic Emulsifier - tallow triethylenediamines ethoxylated	3	-	34	Class 8 PG II/III	15 tonnes	>500				No
Hydrochloric Acid	24	-	8]	3 tonnes					
Ceca Base	4	-	5		5 X 1000L IBC					
Bitumen	-	15	480		23 tonnes					
Delvac 1330	1	-	0.08]	2 X 40L drum					
Mobilith SHC 220	1	-	0.06	Class 9	2 X 40L drum	>1000	>60	No limit	SEPP 33 does not have value	-
Bitumen Class 170 or 320	-	7	160]	25 tonnes			1	not have value	
Diesel	12	-	48	1	3.5 tonnes	7				

Notes:

1) load sizes below this quantity do not require assessment. As per the guideline, if quantities are below this level, the potential risk is unlikely to be significant.